- (B) Has specific features identified that make Government contract quality assurance at source necessary; or
- (C) Has specific acquisition concerns identified that make Government contract quality assurance at source necessary; and
- (iii) The contract is being awarded to—
  - (A) A manufacturer or producer; or
- (B) A non-manufacturer or non-producer and specific Government verifications have been identified as necessary and feasible to perform.

[70 FR 8543, Feb. 22, 2005, as amended at 75 FR 45074, Aug. 2, 2010]

## 246.404 Government contract quality assurance for acquisitions at or below the simplified acquisition threshold.

Do not require Government contract quality assurance at source for contracts or delivery orders valued at or below the simplified acquisition threshold unless the criteria at 246.402 have been met.

[70 FR 8543, Feb. 22, 2005]

## 246.406 Foreign governments.

- (1) Quality assurance among North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) countries. (i) NATO Standardization Agreement (STANAG) 4107, Mutual Acceptance of Government Quality Assurance Additional Usage of the Allied Quality Assurance Publications—
- (A) Contains the processes, procedures, terms, and conditions under which one NATO member nation will perform quality assurance for another NATO member nation or NATO organization;
- (B) Standardizes the development, updating, and application of the Allied Quality Assurance Publications; and
- (C) Has been ratified by the United States and other nations in NATO with certain reservations identified in STANAG 4107.
- (ii) Departments and agencies shall follow STANAG 4107 when—
- (A) Asking a NATO member nation to perform quality assurance; or
- (B) Performing quality assurance when requested by a NATO member nation or NATO organization.

- (2) International military sales (non-NATO). Departments and agencies shall—
- (i) Perform quality assurance services on international military sales contracts or in accordance with existing agreements;
- (ii) Inform host or U.S. Government personnel and contractors on the use of quality assurance publications; and
- (iii) Delegate quality assurance to the host government when satisfactory services are available.
- (3) Reciprocal quality assurance agreements. A Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with a foreign country may contain an annex that provides for the reciprocal performance of quality assurance services. MOUs should be checked to determine whether such an annex exists for the country where a defense contract will be performed. (See subpart 225.8 for more information about MOUs.)

[56 FR 36460, July 31, 1991, as amended at 63 FR 43890, Aug. 17, 1998; 63 FR 47439, Sept. 8, 1998; 71 FR 27647, May 12, 2006]

## 246.407 Nonconforming supplies or services.

- (f) If nonconforming material or services are discovered after acceptance, the defect appears to be the fault of the contractor, any warranty has expired, and there are no other contractual remedies, the contracting officer—
- (i) Shall notify the contractor in writing of the nonconforming material or service;
- (ii) Shall request that the contractor repair or replace the material, or perform the service, at no cost to the Government; and
- (iii) May accept consideration if offered. For guidance on solicitation of a refund, see subpart 242.71.
- (S-70) The head of the design control activity is the approval authority for acceptance of any nonconforming aviation or ship critical safety items or nonconforming modification, repair, or overhaul of such items (see 209.270). Authority for acceptance of minor nonconformances in aviation or ship critical safety items may be delegated